

From Once Upon a Time to Happily Ever After: Tracking Emotions in Books and Mail

Saif Mohammad

National Research Council Canada





- Motivation and background
- Emotion Lexicon
- Analysis of emotion words in mail
- Analysis of emotion words in books

Crowdsourcing a Word-Emotion Association Lexicon

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Acknowledgments



Peter Turney National Research Council Canada



Tony (Wenda) Yang Simon Fraser University







Emotions



(Phil, from the San Francisco Chronicle) speaker/writer



Death threats over South Park episode Event

When your cartoon can get you killed



listener/reader

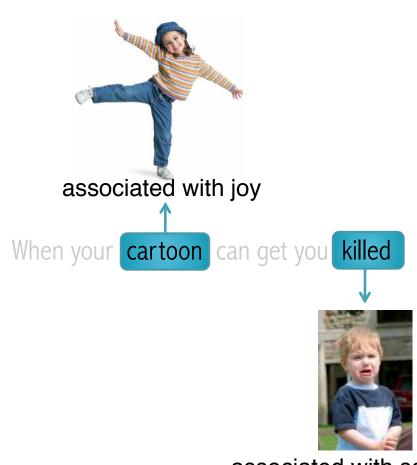


Extremists Participants



Trey Parker, Matt Stone Participants

Words



associated with sadness

Our goal

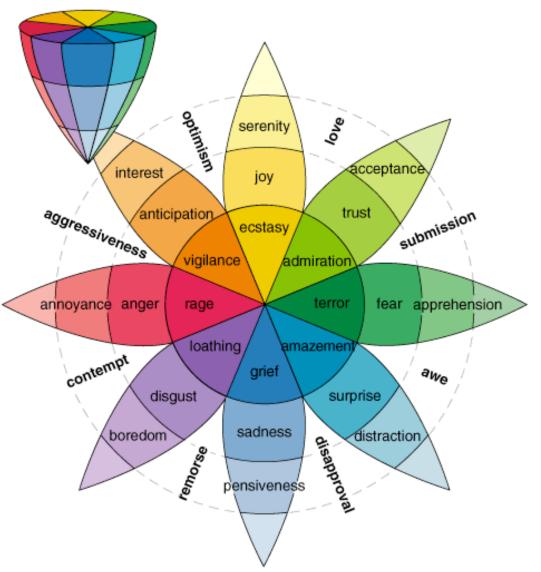
- Create a large word-emotion association lexicon through input from people.
 - Examples:
 - vampire is typically associated with fear
 - startle is associated with surprise
 - bliss is associated with joy
 - death is associated with sadness
 - eager is associated with anticipation
- Use the lexicon to understand the use of emotion words in text.

Which Emotions?





- Joy
- Trust
- Fear
- Surprise
- Sadness
- Disgust
- Anger
- Anticipation



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Using Mechanical Turk for

CROWDSOURCING A
WORD-EMOTION ASSOCIATION
LEXICON



- Benefits
 - Inexpensive
 - Convenient and time-saving
 - Especially for large-scale annotation
- Challenges
 - Quality control
 - Malicious annotations
 - Inadvertent errors



Must be:

- in *Roget's Thesaurus*
- high-frequency term in the Google n-gram corpus

Word-Choice Question

Q1. Which word is closest in meaning to *shark*?

- car
- tree
- fish
- olive
- Generated automatically
 - Near-synonym taken from thesaurus
 - Distractors are randomly chosen
- Guides Turkers to desired sense
- Aides quality control
 - If Q1 is answered incorrectly:
 - Response to Q2 is discarded



- Q2. How much is *shark* associated with the emotion fear? (for example, *horror* and *scary* are strongly associated with fear)
 - shark is not associated with fear
 - shark is weakly associated with fear
 - shark is moderately associated with fear
 - shark is strongly associated with fear
- Eight such questions for the eight emotions.
- Two such questions for positive or negative.



- Each word-sense pair is annotated by 5 Turkers
- About 10% of the assignments were discarded due to incorrect response to Q1 (gold question)
- Targets with less than 3 valid assignments removed
- NRC Emotion Lexicon
 - sense-level lexicon
 - word sense pairs: 24,200
 - word-level lexicon
 - union of emotions associated with the different senses of a word
 - word types: 14,200



MOTIVATION: EMOTION ANALYSIS OF MAIL



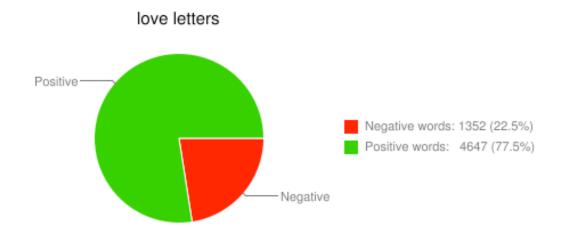
- Tracking emotions in one's own email
- Developing a depression—happiness index
 - Example: determining risk of repeat suicide attempt (Osgood and Walker, 1959; Pestian et al., 2008)
- Search
 - Example: locating snippets expressing anger, for customer relation management (Diaz and Ruz, 2002; Dube and Maute, 1996)
- Analyzing Social Behaviour
 - Example: how genders communicate in the work place
- Analyzing Social Networks
 - Example: Tracking flow of emotions in a social network
- Developing Writing Aids
 - Example: Aids for avoiding misinterpretation (Liu et al., 2003)



- Enron Email Corpus (Klimt and Yang, 2004)
 - Work-place communication
 - 200,000 emails
 - October 1998 to June 2002
 - 150 of the senior management at Enron Corporation
- ECUE Spam Datasets
- Phishing Datasets



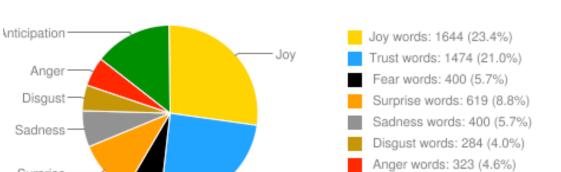
- Suicide Notes Corpus
 - 21 notes posted by Art Kleiner
 - I2B2 2011 will release a few thousand suicide notes
- Hate Mail Corpus
 - 279 pieces of hate mail sent to the Millenium Project
- Love Letters Corpus
 - 348 postings at lovingyou.com



love letters

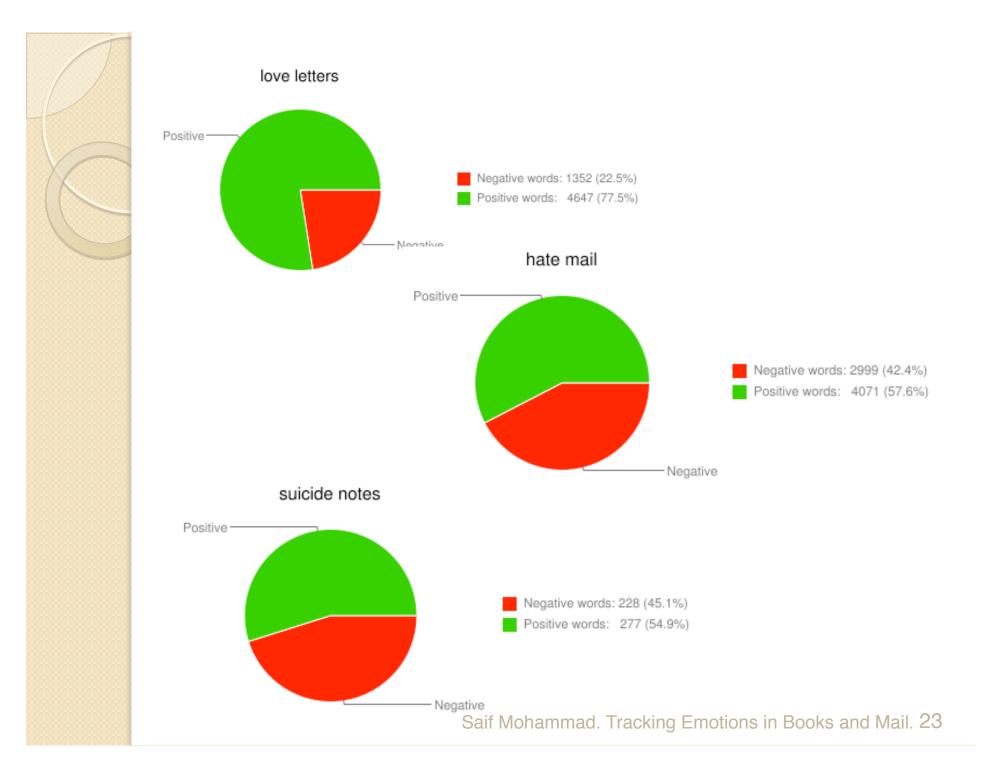
Surprise:

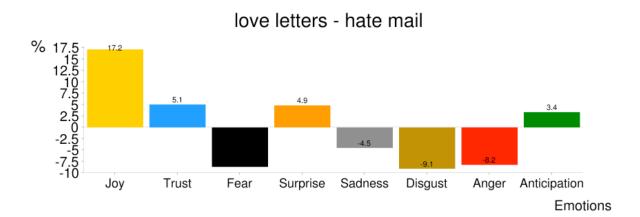
Fear

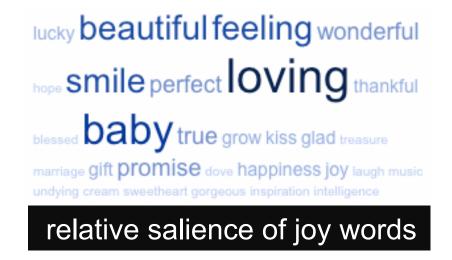


Trust

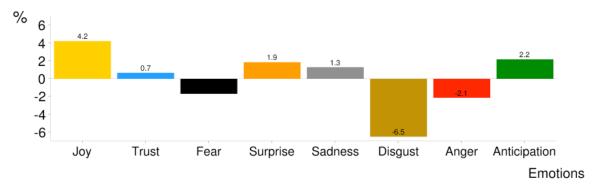
Anticipation words: 855 (12.2%)







suicide notes - hate mail



excrement ignorant quack loon blame
sick hatred fraudulent rat flea john murder finally
lesser harass denounce slander imprisoned illegal garbage
disease adverse crap tetanus disaster
contamination epidemic toxic violent threatening vacuous
lose arrogant displeasure gag damage distress venom

relative salience of disgust words



WOMEN vs. MEN: Comparative Analysis of

EMOTION WORDS IN WORK-PLACE EMAIL



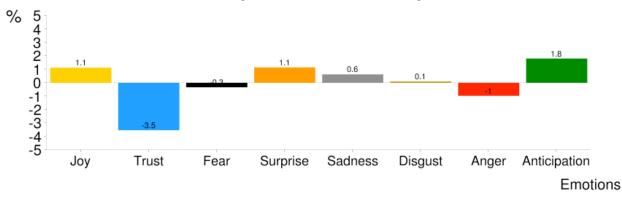
- Huge literature at the intersection of gender and language (see bibliographies by Schiffman, 2002 and Sunderland et al., 2002)
- Men and women use language differently, even in computer-mediated communication (Boneva et al., 2001)
 - Women
 - foster personal relations (Deaux and Major, 87; Eagly and Steffen, 84)
 - share concerns and support others (Boneva et al., 2001)
 - Men
 - communicate for social position (Tannen, 1991)
 - prefer to talk about activities
 (Caldwell and Peplau, 1982; Davidson and Duberman, 1982)

What are the differences in how genders use emotion words in work-place email?



- Used the Enron Email Corpus
- Removed mails with less than 50 and more than 200 words (Cheng et al., 2009)
- Identified gender of senders by name
 - 41 female, 89 male, 20 untagged
- Mails sent by gender-unknown employees removed
- 32,045 mails remaining
 - 19,920 sent by men
 - 12,125 sent by women





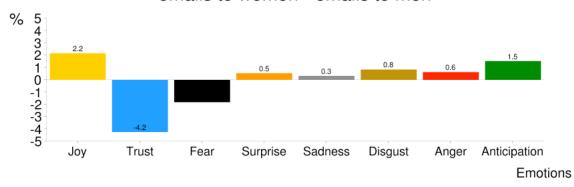
prepared legal friend haven kind accurate brother important feeling excited invite cash found agreed understanding prefer confirmed verified true frank top shepherd corporation grow

playground fortune money improve teacher

pretty explain real majority repay buddy volunteer food fundamental tree respect

relative salience of trust words

emails to women - emails to men



wonderful enthusiasm satisfied luck massage abundance excellent exceed volunteer evergreen resources ordination baby gift child favorite true buddy tree lover hilarious perfect clown playground award success

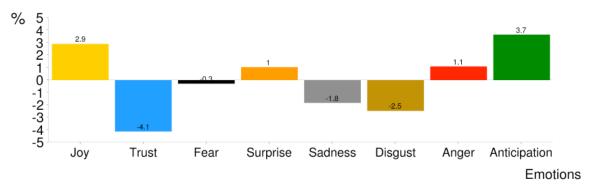
clean holiday memy entertainment blessed joy

birth pastor sing spirits gain diamond electric kiss Surprise food presto favorable beautiful

garden excited thanksgiving pleasant victory

relative salience of joy words





completion fun feeling white pretty

hope death marry hero ultimately

 $invitation {\scriptstyle immediately \; destination \; intended \; gift}$

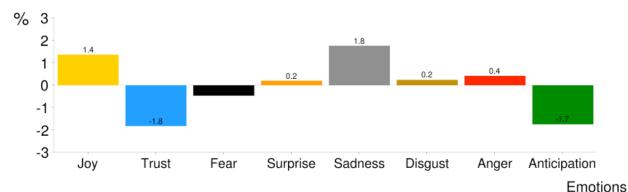
child luck cautious prepare judicial buddy tree

anxious glad lover clown playground finally enjoy award

birth gain holiday Wait nervous discretion Sterling precious

relative salience of anticipation words

women to women - women to men



late termination missing sue somow tragedy

punished rob Constraint art cancer regret bankruptcy

isolated cross bottom problem elimination

unsuccessful feeling mistake gore resign bankrupt

wanting sing Sick exhausted broke adverse error

undesirable cumbersome violently kill wan struggle damage margin ill hell crazy doubt resentment mourning

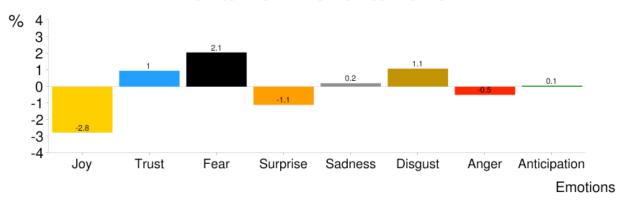
pointless misunderstanding woe black cancel bitch

condescension sin meaningless conflict hunter



relative salience of sadness words





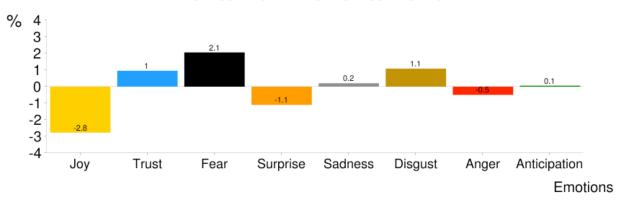
evil regulatory risk problem acrobat destination prohibited nervous predicament shaky afraid

hearing forced attack lose lunacy avoid

missing worse attorney reluctant illegitimate horrible bankruptcy government rob suspension suspect terminal manipulation killing lawsuit hunting gun forgotten discourage procedure confusion emergency hunter punitive uncertain urgent threat opposed abomination police abandoned

relative salience of fear words





hope improvement create resources electric promise respect holiday glad hire

proud sun presto enjoy feeling joy pleased accomplish

outstanding merry Success white perfect

accomplished diamond exciting excited luck inviting exceed lucky

relative salience of joy words



Number of Books Published in a

Year (source: Wikipedia)

```
United States (2009) 288,355 ("new titles and editions") <sup>[3]</sup>
United Kingdom (2005) 206,000 <sup>[2]</sup>
China (2007) 136,226 <sup>[4]</sup>
Russian Federation (2008) 123,336 <sup>[5]</sup>
Germany (2009) 93,124 (new titles) <sup>[6]</sup>
Spain (2008) 86,300 <sup>[7]</sup>
```

India (2004) 82,537 (21,370 in Hindi and 18,752 in English) [8][9]

Japan (2009) 78,555 [10]

Iran (2010) 65,000 [11][12]

Taiwan (2007) 42,018 [13]



- Project Gutenberg:
 - more than 34,000 books
- Google Books Corpus (GBC):
 - 5.2 million books published from 1600 to 2009
 - English portion has 361 billion words
 - 1-grams, 2-grams, 3-grams, 4-grams, 5-grams

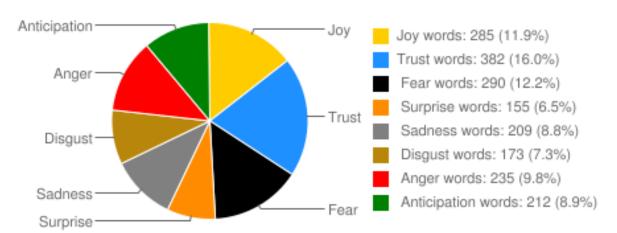


- Search
 - Example: Which Brothers Grimm tales are the darkest?
- Social Analysis
 - Example: How have books portrayed entities over time?
 (Michel et al. 2011)
- Literary Analysis
 - Example: Is the distribution of emotion words in fairy tales significantly different from that in novels?
- Summarization
 - Example: Automatically generate summaries that capture different emotional states of characters in a novel
- Analyzing Persuasion Tactics
 - Example: how emotion words are used for persuasion? (Mannix, 1992; Bales, 1997)

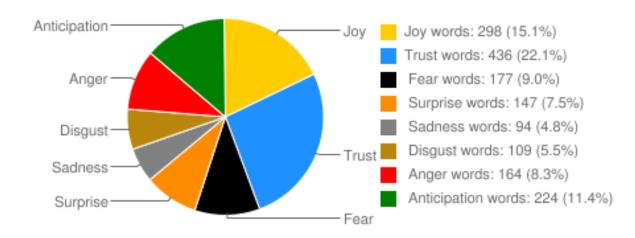
Applications of emotion analysis of books

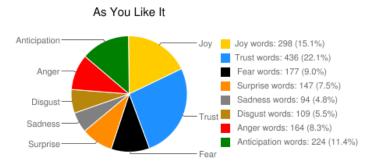
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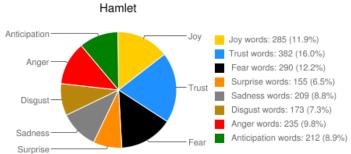




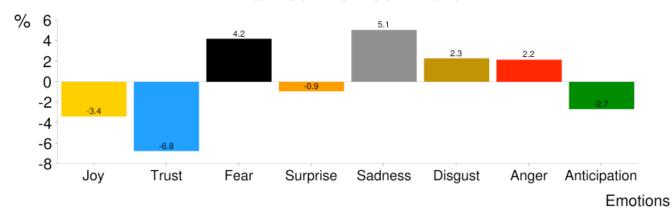
As You Like It



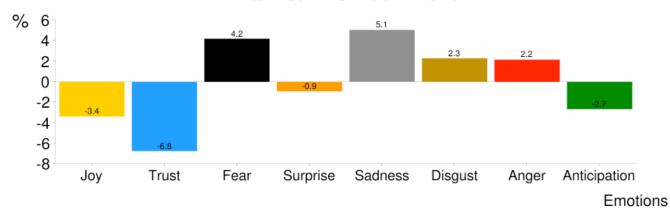




Hamlet - As You Like It







servant esteem Sir brother marriage comfort

loving marry promise fortune virtuous smile wonderful oath worthy money hope found remains faithful

tree honesty friendship lover sing synod respect

proud heavenly praise wear counsel perceive provide

wealth pretty church virgin perfect constant elder invite

relative salience of trust words



soldier sick beating buried forfeit doomsday

$death_{\,\text{malicious guilty confine}} grief$

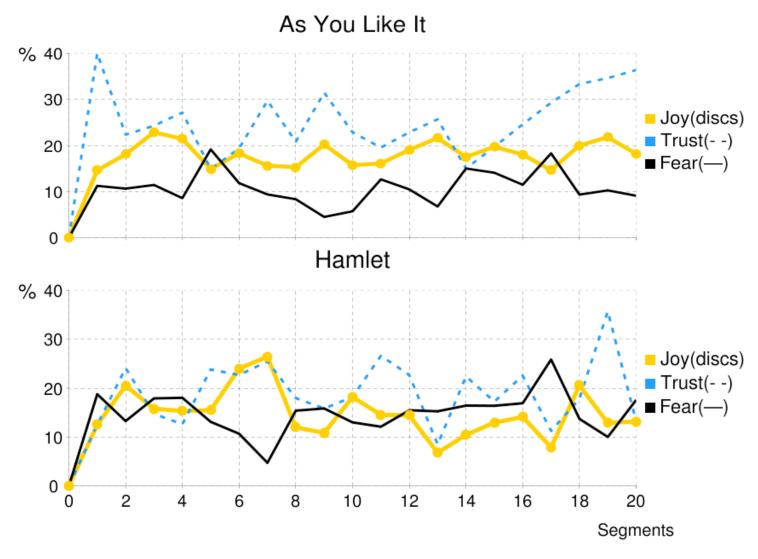
woe sorrow defeated late surrender scarcely suppress doubt lose beg black mourning slaughter frailty mourn dreadful hell loss shame perilous pious hideous forbid prison murder fat witchcraft

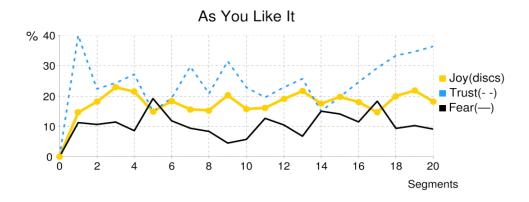
shameful wretch cursed disappointed pemicious mad shatter wreck jealousy sickness sadness wail sadly slave confession sterile tragedy dismal gore hellish

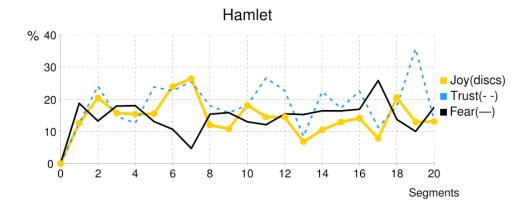
unequal senseless crash prisoner bleeding wan **Grown**coward oppression drab **Gevil** affront **affliction** heartache
oppressor **plague** neglected tempest grieve barren suffering **guilt** brute forgotten **poison** lament ashamed discomfort debt **murderer weeds** dire retirement diseased lowest curse **sickly** humble **feeling** nasty **evil scourge** disease offender
departed inter damnation bier **rue** wither **burial** ulcer remiss **gallows** ache losing procession whine perdition shell defy
treachery murderous liquor dying

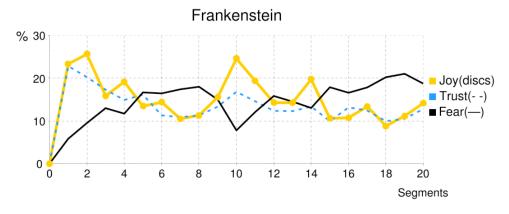
relative salience of sadness words

Flow of Emotions





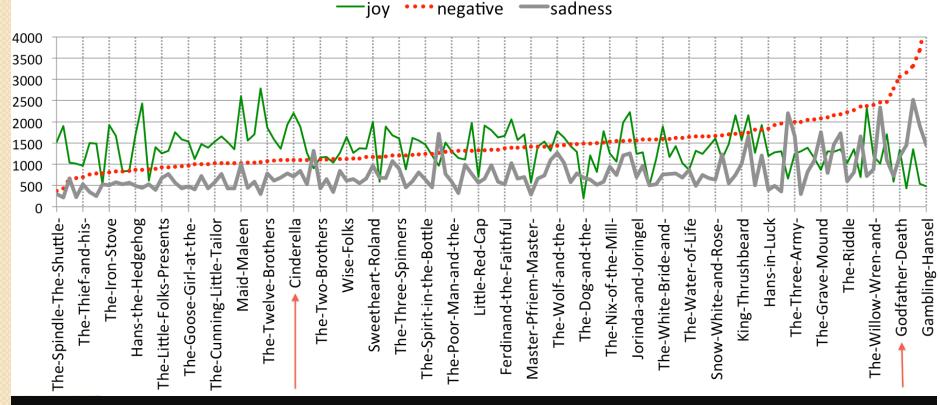




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Emotion Word Density

average number of emotion words in every X words



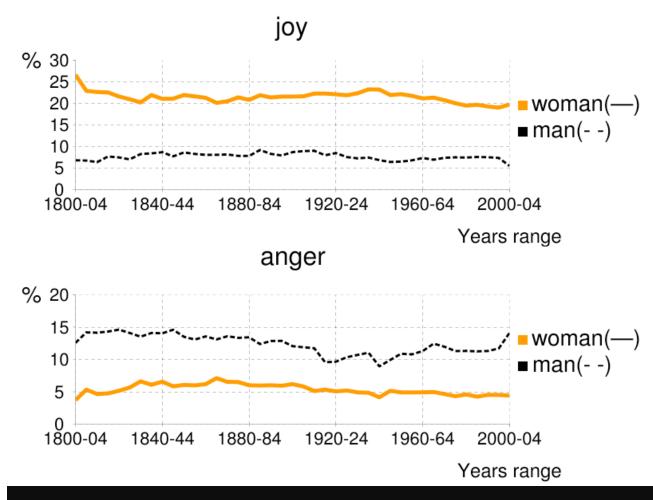
Brothers Grimm fairy tales ordered as per increasing negative word density. X = 10,000.



- Examined emotion words in proximity of target entities
- Used the Google Books Corpus
 - Looked for emotion words in 5-grams that had the target
 - Ignored emotion associated with target word
 - Grouped information into 5-year bins



Percentage of fear words in close proximity to occurrences of America, China, Germany, and India in books.



Percentage of anger words in close proximity to occurrences of man and woman in books.



- Created a large word-emotion association lexicon
- Used simple measures and visualizations to quantify and track the use of emotion words in texts
- Used the Enron Corpus
 - To show use of emotion words by men and women in a work-place setting
- Used the Brothers Grimm fairy tales
 - showed texts can be ordered for affect-based search
- Used the Google Books Corpus
 - tracked emotion associations of entities over time